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For purchasing information visit: Ronseal Total Wood Preservative

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

RONSEAL TOTAL CLEAR WOOD PRESERVER (XP)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : RONSEAL TOTAL CLEAR WOOD PRESERVER (XP)

Product code : RONB00482-01

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Material uses** : Paint or paint related material.

sheet

Sherwin Williams Diversified Brands Limited Sherwin Williams Diversified Brands Limited

Thorncliffe Park
Chapeltown
Sheffield
S35 2YP
Thorncliffe Park
Chapeltown
Sheffield
S35 2YP
S35 2YP

e-mail address of person : SDS@Ronseal.co.uk

responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : National Poisons Information Service +44 844 892 0111 / 112

<u>Supplier</u>

**Telephone number**: +44 (0)114 246 7171 (08:30 - 17:00)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

**Environmental hazards**: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,

have product container or label at hand.

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Prevention**: Avoid release to the environment.

Response : IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT

induce vomiting.

**Storage**: Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

Supplemental label

elements

articles

: Contains 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Not applicable.

: Aliphatic Solvent

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Yes, applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixture

			<u>Classification</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Aliphatic Solvent	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 265-149-8 CAS: 64742-47-8 Index: 649-422-00-2	≥75 - <90	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≥3 - <5	Not classified.	[2]
3-lodo-2-propynyl Butyl Carbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6	≥0.3 - <1	Acute Tox. 4, H302  Acute Tox. 4, H332  Eye Dam. 1, H318  Skin Sens. 1, H317  STOT SE 3, H335  STOT RE 1, H372  Aquatic Acute 1, H400  Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1]
Chlorinated Triazole	EC: 403-640-2 CAS: 107534-96-3 Index: 603-197-00-7	≥0.1 - <0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Permethrin	EC: 258-067-9 CAS: 52645-53-1 Index: 613-058-00-2	≥0.03 - <0. 1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]

	ONSEAL TOTAL CLEAR WOOD PRESERVER (XP)						
l	SECTION 3: Composition/information	on ingredients					
		Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410					
		See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.					

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	:	In all ca	ases c	of doubt,	, or when	symptoms	persist,	seek m	redical	atter	ition.	Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation**: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Get

immediate medical attention.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powders.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

: Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. **Information on fire and explosion protection** 

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
1	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

- : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
- : Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Eye/face protection Skin protection

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Hand protection

: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

: Short Term Exposure less than 10 minutes Continuous use Nitrile gloves. Hazardous ingredients Section 3 For more than 4 hours of protection in the presence of Butanone Acetone or Methyl isobutyl ketone Butyl gloves 0.7mm For more than 4 hours of protection in the presence of Aromatic solvent use polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves.

Long Term Exposure Spill / For prolonged or repeated handling, use PE / PE Laminate gloves > 8 hours (breakthrough time) .

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

applied once exposure has occurred.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of

use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection**: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-

temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist

before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Approved/certified respirator with organic vapour cartridge. Filter type: A2P2

(EN14387).

Environmental exposure

controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

# **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Clear.

Odour : Characteristic.

Odour threshold : Not Available (Not Tested).

pH : Testing not technically possible.

**Melting point/freezing point**: Not Available (Not Tested).

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Not Available (Not Tested).

Flash point : Closed cup: 62°C

Evaporation rate: Slower than Ether PhaseFlammability (solid, gas): Not Available (Not Tested).Burning time: Not Available (Not Tested).Burning rate: Not Available (Not Tested).

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not Available (Not Tested).

Vapour pressure : 0.06 kPa [at 20°C]

Vapour density : Not Available (Not Tested).

Relative density : 0.812

Solubility(ies) : Not Available (Not Tested).

Solubility in water : Not Available (Not Tested).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not Available (Not Tested).

water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not Available (Not Tested).Decomposition temperature: Not Available (Not Tested).Viscosity: Kinematic (40°C): <0.205 cm²/s</th>

**Explosive properties** : Not Available (Not Tested).

Oxidising properties : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

9.2 Other information

Heat of combustion : 2.072 kJ/g

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-lodo-2-propynyl Butyl Carbamate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
Chlorinated Triazole	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.371 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3352 mg/kg	-
Permethrin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1750 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	383 mg/kg	-

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

No data available

#### Irritation/Corrosion

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Permethrin	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

# **Sensitisation**

No data available

#### **Mutagenicity**

No data available

#### **Carcinogenicity**

No data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

# **Teratogenicity**

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
3-lodo-2-propynyl Butyl Carbamate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
3-lodo-2-propynyl Butyl Carbamate	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

# **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Aliphatic Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### **Other information**: Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Aliphatic Solvent	Acute LC50 2200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
3-lodo-2-propynyl Butyl Carbamate	Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 67 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
Chlorinated Triazole	Acute EC50 1.45 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	4 days
	Acute IC50 3200 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute LC50 750 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.37 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Fingerling	96 hours
	Chronic IC10 1200 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.12 ppm Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.012 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	83 days
Permethrin	Acute EC50 68 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.11 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Orconectes immunis	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.112 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.62 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.66 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	32 days

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
No data available						
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
No data available						

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
No data available			

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

*Mobility* : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

and sewers.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Yes.

Disposal considerations

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation	
03 02 02*	organochlorinated wood preservatives	

#### **Packaging**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal considerations

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

European waste catalogue (EWC) Contaminated packaging

: Recycling possible. Ensure packaging is completely empty before recycling. Dispose of uncured residues in the same way as the product itself. Plastic articles 15 01 02 - metallic packaging 15 01 04 - mixed packaging 15 01 06. 15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADD/DID	IMPO	IATA
	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Aliphatic Solvent)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Aliphatic Solvent). Marine pollutant (Aliphatic Solvent)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Aliphatic Solvent)
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s)	9	9	9
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.  Hazard identification number 90  Limited quantity 5 L  Special provisions 274, 335, 601, 375  Tunnel code (E)	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.  Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F  Special provisions 274, 335, 969	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2. 6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.  Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y964  Special provisions
			A97, A158, A197

Do not carry by air without prior consent of the airline

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions

: Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### Other EU regulations

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
Chlorinated Triazole	-	-	Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	-

Seveso Directive : This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

# Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H

statements

: H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

H361d (Unborn Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

child)

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1, H400 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

child)

Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

STOT RE 1, H372 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 1

STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

PREPARATION OF SURFACES PRIOR TO FINISHING Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood or metal as they may contain harmful lead. Where possible, wet flatting methods or chemical strippers should be used to avoid the creation of dust. When dry flatting cannot be avoided and local exhaust ventilation is not available, a dust respirator to BS 2091, fitted with a particulate cartridge, and suitable for lead dust, should be worn.

People not involved with the work should be excluded from the area, until thorough cleaning has been carried out. Children and pregnant women should particularly be excluded.

Refer to the Control of Lead at Work Regulations regarding protective clothing and personal hygiene measures. Dusts should be contained and effectively and thoroughly cleaned up.

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Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

: If there is no previous validation date please contact your supplier for more

information.

Version : '

# Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.