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Dulux Trade Undercoat



AkzoNobel

SAFETY DATA SHEET

UNDERCOAT

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : UNDERCOAT

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Solvent borne coating for interior and exterior use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ICI Paints AkzoNobel, Wexham Road, Slough,

Berkshire, SL2 5DS, U.K.

Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 70 70 www.duluxtrade.co.uk

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: duluxtrade.advice@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Telephone number : Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000

Version : 5

Date of previous issue : 15-7-2014.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Ingredients of unknown : 0%

toxicity

Ingredients of unknown : 0%

ecotoxicity

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R10

R66

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Physical/chemical

hazards

Human health hazards : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

: Flammable.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Precautionary statements

General : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

: P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Response

Storage : P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national or international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Not applicable.

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

			Clas	<u>sification</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% (w/w)	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33	>=10 - <15	R10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
	EC: 265-150-3		Xn; R65	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)	
	CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6		R66, R67	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39	<10	Xn; R65	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	EC: 265-150-3 Index: 649-327-00-6		R66		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	<10	Xn; R65 R66	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	EC: 265-149-8 CAS: 64742-47-8 Index: 3.1: self classification 3.2: 649-422-00-2	<10	Xn; R65 R66	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9 Index: selfclassified	<0,5	Repr. Cat. 3; R63	Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	[1] [2]
2-butanone oxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28	>=0,1 - <1	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	Acute Tox. 4, H312	[1]
	EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0		Xn; R21 Xi; R41 R43	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give
	anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery
	nosition and seek medical advice

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the EC 1272/2008 regulation and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with

SECTION 4: First aid measures

the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

: Do not use water jet.

media

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso II Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
₱5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b C6: Flammable (R10)	5000 5000	50000 50000

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker or exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	EU OEL (Europe). Notes: Suppliers information
	TWA: 1200 mg/m³ Form: Vapour
	TWA: 197 ppm Form: Vapour
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	(Europe). Notes: Suppliers information
	: 1200 mg/m³
	: 184 ppm
	EU OEL (Europe).
	TWA: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 197 ppm 8 hours.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	EU OEL (Europe).
	TWA: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 197 ppm 8 hours.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	EU OEL (Europe).
	TWA: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Notes: as Zr
	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

No DNELs/DMELs available.

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

occurred.

Gloves

: For prolonged or repeated contact use protective gloves. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has occurred. Skin should be washed after contact.

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended gloves: Viton® or Nitrile

Breakthrough Time: 480 min

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.

NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Wworkers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:

When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.

Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.

Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Rrespiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 till concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)

The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.

Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.

Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

Environmental exposure controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour: Not available.Odour: Not available.Odour threshold: Not available.pH: Not available.Melting point/freezing point: Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling : 100°C

range

Flash point : Closed cup: 32°C
Evaporation rate : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or : Not available.

explosive limits

Vapour pressure: Not available.Vapour density: Not available.

Relative density : 1,402

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 5 cm²/s

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2. Other information

No additional information.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2. Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

10.5. Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the EC 1272/2008 regulation and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

: Not available.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and is not classified as dangerous for the environment.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
	Acute LC50 2600 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	-	Inherent

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.

vPvB : Not applicable.

vP: Not available. vB: Not available.

12.6. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Disposal considerations

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal considerations

✓sing information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information			
	ADR	IMDG	
14.1. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class	3	3	
Subsidiary class	-	-	
14.4. Packing group	III	III	
14.5. Environmental hazards Marine pollutant	No.	No.	
Marine pollutant substances		Not available.	

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UNDERCOAT					
SECTION 14: Transport information					
14.6. Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.				
HI/Kemler number	30				
Emergency schedules (EmS)		F-E, S-E			
14.7 Transport in be according to Annex MARPOL 73/78 and Code	II of				
according to Annex MARPOL 73/78 and Code	II of	Viscous substance exemption			
according to Annex MARPOL 73/78 and Code Additional	II of the IBC	In pack sizes up to and including 30 litres,			
according to Annex MARPOL 73/78 and Code Additional	Il of the IBC Special provisions				
according to Annex MARPOL 73/78 and Code Additional	Special provisions 640 (E) Viscous substance exemption In pack sizes less than 450 litres, under the	In pack sizes up to and including 30 litres, under the terms of 2.3.2.5, this product is not subject to the packaging, labelling and marking requirements of the			
according to Annex MARPOL 73/78 and	Special provisions 640 (E) Viscous substance exemption	In pack sizes up to and including 30 litres, under the terms of 2.3.2.5, this product is not subject to the packaging,			

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Tunnel code (D/E)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC : Not available.

Europe inventory : At least one component is not listed.

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	-	-	Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	-
2-butanone oxime	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	-

Seveso II Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b

C6: Flammable (R10)

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: Not applicable.

SECTION 16: Other information

CEPE code : 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classifica	ntion	Justification		
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		On basis of test data		
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226 H304 H312 H317 H318 H336 (Narcotic effects) H351 H361d (Unborn child)	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Narcotic effects) Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.		
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Carc. 2, H351 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3		

Full text of abbreviated R phrases

: R10- Flammable.

R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. R63- Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

R21- Harmful in contact with skin.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

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SECTION 16: Other information

R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Full text of classifications

[DSD/DPD]

: Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcinogen category 3

Repr. Cat. 3 - Toxic to reproduction category 3

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

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Notice to reader

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