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<u>Dulux Trade Ultimate Opaque</u>



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **ULTIMATE OPAQUE WHITE**

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : ULTIMATE OPAQUE WHITE

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Professional use
Consumer use

Uses advised against

None

**Product use** : Solvent borne coating for exterior use.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ICI Paints AkzoNobel, Wexham Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL2 5DS, U.K.

Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 70 70 www.duluxtrade.co.uk

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: duluxtrade.advice@akzonobel.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

**Telephone number** : +44 (0)344 892 0111

**Supplier** 

**Telephone number** : Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

**Signal word** : No signal word.

**Hazard statements**: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**General**: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention**: P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : Not applicable.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains 3-iodo-

2-propynyl butylcarbamate and octhilinone (ISO). May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No.

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

1907/2006, Annex XIII
Other hazards which do
not result in classification

: None known.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

| Product/ingredient name  | Identifiers  | %         | Classification   | Specific Conc.<br>Limits, M-factors<br>and ATEs   | Туре    |
|--|--|-----------|--|---|---------|
| titanium dioxide   | REACH #:<br>01-2119489379-17<br>EC: 236-675-5<br>CAS: 13463-67-7   | ≥20 - ≤25 | Carc. 2, H351<br>(inhalation)  | -   | [1] [*] |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics         | REACH #:<br>01-2119456620-43<br>EC: 926-141-6  | ≥15 - ≤20 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>EUH066  | -   | [1]     |
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-<br>alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<br>< 2% aromatics | REACH #:<br>01-2119457273-39<br>EC: 918-481-9  | ≤10       | Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>EUH066  | -   | [1]     |
| Distillates (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated light                               | REACH #:<br>01-2119484819-18<br>EC: 265-149-8<br>CAS: 64742-47-8<br>Index: 649-422-00-2  | ≤3        | Asp. Tox. 1, H304  | -   | [1]     |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene                                     | REACH #:<br>01-2119488216-32<br>EC: 905-588-0  | <1        | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 3,<br>H412 | ATE [Dermal] =<br>1100 mg/kg<br>ATE [Inhalation<br>(vapours)] = 11 mg/<br>I   | [1] [2] |
| IPBC   | EC: 259-627-5<br>CAS: 55406-53-6<br>Index: 616-212-00-7  | ≤0.3      | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 3, H331<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>STOT RE 1, H372<br>(larynx)<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1,<br>H410                             | ATE [Oral] = 500<br>mg/kg<br>ATE [Inhalation<br>(dusts and mists)]<br>= 0.5 mg/l<br>M [Acute] = 10<br>M [Chronic] = 1 | [1]     |
| propylidynetrimethanol   | REACH #:<br>01-2119486799-10<br>EC: 201-074-9<br>CAS: 77-99-6  | ≤0.3      | Repr. 2, H361  | -   | [1]     |
| OIT  | EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5  CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5  Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071 |           | ATE [Oral] = 125<br>mg/kg<br>ATE [Dermal] =<br>311 mg/kg<br>ATE [Inhalation<br>(dusts and mists)]<br>= 0.27 mg/l<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317:<br>C ≥ 0.0015%<br>M [Acute] = 100<br>M [Chronic] = 100       | [1]   |         |

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| SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients |   |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|   | See Section 16 for<br>the full text of the H<br>statements declared<br>above. |  |  |  |  |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue to rinse

for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen

tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been

swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate, octhilinone (ISO). May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data. **Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** 

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for

chemical incidents.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name                  | Exposure limit values   |
|--|---|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |

## Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

| Product/ingredient name             | Type | Exposure         | Value                  | Population | Effects  |
|-------------------------------------|------|------------------|------------------------|------------|----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes,   | DNEL | Long term        | 0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General    | Systemic |
| isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics |      | Inhalation       | J                      | population |          |
| •                                   | DNEL | Long term        | 1.9 mg/m³              | Workers    | Systemic |
|                                     |      | Inhalation       |                        |            |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Long term        | 178.57 mg/             | General    | Local    |
|                                     |      | Inhalation       | m³                     | population |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Long term Oral   | 300 mg/kg              | General    | Systemic |
|                                     |      |                  | bw/day                 | population |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 300 mg/kg              | General    | Systemic |
|                                     |      |                  | bw/day                 | population |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 300 mg/kg              | Workers    | Systemic |
|                                     |      |                  | bw/day                 |            |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Short term       | 640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General    | Local    |
|                                     |      | Inhalation       |                        | population |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Long term        | 837.5 mg/              | Workers    | Local    |
|                                     |      | Inhalation       | m³                     |            |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Short term       | 1066.67                | Workers    | Local    |
|                                     |      | Inhalation       | mg/m³                  |            |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Short term       | 1152 mg/               | General    | Systemic |
|                                     |      | Inhalation       | m³                     | population |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Short term       | 1286.4 mg/             | Workers    | Systemic |
|                                     |      | Inhalation       | m³                     |            |          |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and   | DNEL | Long term Oral   | 1.6 mg/kg              | General    | Systemic |
| xylene                              |      |                  | bw/day                 | population |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Long term        | 14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |            | Systemic |
|                                     |      | Inhalation       | ,                      | population |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Long term        | 77 mg/m³               | Workers    | Systemic |
|                                     | DATE | Inhalation       | 400 //                 |            |          |
|                                     | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 108 mg/kg              | General    | Systemic |

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

|                        | DAIEI |                          | bw/day                 | population | Constancia |
|------------------------|-------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------|------------|
|                        | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 180 mg/kg<br>bw/day    | Workers    | Systemic   |
|                        | DNEL  | Short term               | 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers    | Local      |
|                        |       | Inhalation               |                        |            |            |
|                        | DNEL  | Short term<br>Inhalation | 289 mg/m³              | Workers    | Systemic   |
| IPBC                   | DNEL  | Long term                | 0.023 mg/              | Workers    | Systemic   |
|                        |       | Inhalation               | m³                     |            |            |
|                        | DNEL  | Short term               | 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers    | Systemic   |
|                        |       | Inhalation               |                        |            |            |
|                        | DNEL  | Short term               | 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers    | Local      |
|                        |       | Inhalation               |                        |            |            |
|                        | DNEL  | Long term                | 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers    | Local      |
|                        |       | Inhalation               |                        |            |            |
|                        | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 2 mg/kg                | Workers    | Systemic   |
|                        |       |                          | bw/day                 |            |            |
| propylidynetrimethanol | DNEL  | Long term Oral           | 0.34 mg/               | General    | Systemic   |
|                        |       |                          | kg bw/day              | population |            |
|                        | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 0.34 mg/               | General    | Systemic   |
|                        |       |                          | kg bw/day              | population |            |
|                        | DNEL  | Long term                | 0.58 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |            | Systemic   |
|                        |       | Inhalation               |                        | population |            |
|                        | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 0.94 mg/               | Workers    | Systemic   |
|                        |       |                          | kg bw/day              |            |            |
|                        | DNEL  | Long term                | 3.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers    | Systemic   |
|                        |       | Inhalation               |                        |            |            |

### **PNECs**

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail  | Value | Method Detail   |
|-------------------------|---|-------|---|
| manganese neodecanoate  | Marine water<br>Sewage Treatment<br>Plant<br>Fresh water sediment | 0 0   | Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Assessment Factors |

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

**Individual protection measures** 

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

oontaminar

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### **Skin protection**

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton @ or Nitrile, thickness  $\ge 0.38$  mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : White.

Odor : Characteristic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range : 90°C (194°F)

Flammability: Not available.

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### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosion

limit

Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum),

hydrotreated heavy)

: Closed cup: 70°C (158°F) [Pensky-Martens] Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

| Ingredient name  | °C  | °F    | Method   |
|--|-----|-------|----------|
| 2-[(2-methoxy-4-nitrophenyl)azo]-N-<br>(2-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxobutyramide | 180 | 356   | VDI 2263 |
| (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol  | 207 | 404.6 | EU A.15  |
| tributylamine  | 210 | 410   | EU A.15  |

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available.

pН

: Not available. [DIN EN 1262]

Viscosity

: Kinematic (room temperature): 2586 mm<sup>2</sup>/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Kinematic (40°C): 201 mm<sup>2</sup>/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Solubility(ies)

| Media      | Result                      |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| cold water | Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)] |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapor pressure

|  | Vapor Pressure at 20°C |      |                | Vapor pressure at 50°C |     |        |  |
|--|------------------------|------|----------------|------------------------|-----|--------|--|
| Ingredient name                          | mm Hg                  | kPa  | Method         | mm Hg                  | kPa | Method |  |
| ammonia                                  | 360.03                 | 48   |                |                        |     |        |  |
| n-butyl acetate                          | 11.25                  | 1.5  | DIN EN 13016-2 |                        |     |        |  |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | 6.7                    | 0.89 |                |                        |     |        |  |

Relative density : 1.16

Vapor density : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

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### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate, octhilinone (ISO). May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                | Species | Dose                   | Exposure |
|---|-----------------------|---------|------------------------|----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | >6 g/kg                | -        |
| IPBC  | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 1470 mg/kg             | -        |
| propylidynetrimethanol  | LD50 Oral             | Mouse   | 13700 mg/kg            | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral             | Mouse   | 14000 mg/kg            | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 14100 mg/kg            | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 14000 mg/kg            | -        |
| OIT   | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 690 mg/kg              | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 550 mg/kg              | -        |

#### Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                  | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapors)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Product as-supplied                      | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                              | 179.5  |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | N/A              | 1100              | N/A                            | 11                               | N/A  |
| IPBC                                     | 500              | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                              | 0.5  |
| OIT                                      | 125              | 311               | N/A                            | N/A                              | 0.27   |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

| Product/ingredient name                  | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure         | Observation |
|--|--------------------------|---------|-------|------------------|-------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 mg            | -           |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5<br>mg | -           |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 UI    | -           |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 %            | -           |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500     | -           |
|  |                          |         |       | mg               |             |
| OIT                                      | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg           | -           |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

| Product/ingredient name                                       | Result                     | Species | Dose    | Exposure                   |
|---|----------------------------|---------|---------|----------------------------|
| Reaction Mass of<br>Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene<br>and P-Xylene | Positive - Inhalation - TC | Mouse   | <75 ppm | 103 weeks; 5 days per week |

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Category 3 |                   | Respiratory tract irritation |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                       | Category                 | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene IPBC | Category 2<br>Category 1 | -                 | -<br>larynx   |

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Product/ingredient name  | Result   |
|--|--|
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics                 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                                   |
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics                | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                                   |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: No specific data. Eye contact Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation dryness cracking

: No specific data. Ingestion

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

| Product/ingredient name                     | Result                                | Species   | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|----------|
| titanium dioxide                            | Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Pimephales promelas  | 96 hours |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Acute LC50 5900 μg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus  | 4 days   |
|   | Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus  | 4 days   |
|   | Acute LC50 2400 µg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 4 days   |
|   | Acute LC50 2600 μg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 4 days   |
|   | Acute LC50 2900 μg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 96 hours |
| Reaction mass of                            | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Pimephales promelas  | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene and xylene                     |                                       |   |          |
| IPBC  | Acute EC50 956 ppb Fresh water        | Daphnia - Daphnia magna   | 48 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 0.16 ppm Fresh water       | Daphnia - Daphnia magna   | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water        | Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca   | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 2920 ppb Marine water      | Crustaceans - Neomysis mercedis - Adult                                       | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 40 ppb Fresh water         | Daphnia - Daphnia magna   | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 95 ppb Marine water        | Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,<br>Weanling) | 96 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 100 ppb Fresh water        | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,                  | 96 hours |
|   | A t . 1 050 70                        | Weanling)   | 00.1     |
|   | Acute LC50 72 ppb Fresh water         | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 96 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 67 ppb Fresh water         | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 96 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 67 μg/l Fresh water        | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,<br>Weanling)  | 96 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb                  | Fish - Pimephales promelas  | 35 days  |
| propylidynetrimethanol                      | Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water  | Daphnia - Daphnia magna   | 48 hours |
| propyllayine alline allane.                 | Acute LC50 14400000 μg/l Marine water | Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus  | 96 hours |
| OIT   | Acute EC10 0.000224 mg/l              | Algae - Navicula peliculosa   | 48 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 0.084 mg/l                 | Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus   | 72 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 0.00129 mg/l               | Algae - Navicula peliculosa   | 48 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 0.42 mg/l                  | Daphnia   | 48 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water        | Daphnia - Daphnia magna   | 48 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 180 ppb Fresh water        | Daphnia - Daphnia magna   | 48 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 320 ppb Fresh water        | Daphnia - Daphnia magna   | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 154 ppb Fresh water        | Fish - Notemigonus crysoleucas  | 96 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water         | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 96 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 50 ppb Fresh water         | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 96 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 65.5 ppb Fresh water       | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 96 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 140 ppb Fresh water        | Fish - Pimephales promelas  | 96 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 8.5 ppb                  | Fish - Pimephales promelas  | 35 days  |

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

| Product/ingredient name   | LogPow        | BCF         | Potential  |
|---|---------------|-------------|------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | -             | 10 to 2500  | high       |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene                              | 3.12          | 8.1 to 25.9 | low        |
| propylidynetrimethanol<br>OIT   | -0.47<br>2.45 | <1<br>-     | low<br>low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Mobility

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal**: The generation of

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untracted to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities

with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Disposal considerations** 

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

| Waste code    | Waste designation   |
|---------------|---|
| EWC 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

#### **Packaging**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

**Disposal considerations** 

Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

|                                    | ADR/RID        | IMDG           |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number        | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name       | -              | -              |
| 14.3 Transport<br>hazard class(es) | -              | -              |
| 14.4 Packing<br>group              | -              | -              |
| 14.5<br>Environmental<br>hazards   | No.            | No.            |

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB) /REACH

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**VOC** : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

**VOC for Ready-for-Use** 

**Mixture** 

: Not available.

Industrial emissions

(integrated pollution

: Not listed

prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions

: Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Biocidal products regulation** 

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

**Assessment** 

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification          | Justification      |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method |

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

| Tall toxt of abbieviated if etatements |   |
|--|---|
| H226                                   | Flammable liquid and vapor.                                       |
| H290                                   | May be corrosive to metals.                                       |
| H301                                   | Toxic if swallowed.   |
| H302                                   | Harmful if swallowed.   |
| H304                                   | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                     |
| H311                                   | Toxic in contact with skin.                                       |
| H312                                   | Harmful in contact with skin.                                     |
| H314                                   | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.                          |
| H315                                   | Causes skin irritation.   |
| H317                                   | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                              |
| H318                                   | Causes serious eye damage.  |
| H319                                   | Causes serious eye irritation.                                    |
| H330                                   | Fatal if inhaled.   |
| H331                                   | Toxic if inhaled.   |
| H332                                   | Harmful if inhaled.   |
| H334                                   | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if |
|  | inhaled.  |
| H335                                   | May cause respiratory irritation.                                 |
| H336                                   | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                                |
| H341                                   | Suspected of causing genetic defects.                             |
| H350                                   | May cause cancer.   |
| H351                                   | Suspected of causing cancer.                                      |
| H361                                   | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.              |
| H372                                   | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated             |
|  | exposure.   |
| H373                                   | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated          |
|  | exposure.   |
| H400                                   | Very toxic to aquatic life.                                       |
| H410                                   | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.             |
| H412                                   | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                |
| EUH066                                 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.             |
|  |   |

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| Acute Tox. 2      | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2                     |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 3      | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3                     |
| Acute Tox. 4      | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                     |
| Aquatic Acute 1   | AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1             |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1         |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3         |
| Asp. Tox. 1       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                  |
| Carc. 1B          | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B                   |
| Carc. 2           | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2                    |
| Eye Dam. 1        | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2      | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3      | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3                  |
| Met. Corr. 1      | CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1                |
| Muta. 2           | GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2             |
| Repr. 2           | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2              |
| Resp. Sens. 1     | RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1          |
| Skin Corr. 1      | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1          |
| Skin Corr. 1A     | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A         |
|                   |   |
|                   |   |

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -

Category 3

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STOT RE 2

STOT SE 3

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