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For purchasing information visit:

<u>Colron Ring Remover</u>

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **COLRON RING REMOVER**

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : COLRON RING REMOVER

Product code : RON018999

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Material uses** : Paint or paint related material.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data National contact

sheet

Sherwin Williams Diversified Brands Limited Sherwin Williams Diversified Brands Limited

Thorncliffe Park
Chapeltown
Sheffield
S35 2YP
Thorncliffe Park
Chapeltown
Sheffield
S35 2YP
S35 2YP

e-mail address of person : SDS@Ronseal.co.uk

responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : National Poisons Information Service +44 844 892 0111 / 112

<u>Supplier</u>

**Telephone number**: +44 (0)114 246 7171 (08:30 - 17:00)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

riquatio Officialo 2, 11411

Ingredients of unknown : Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 33.9%

toxicity

Ingredients of unknown : Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the

**ecotoxicity** aquatic environment: 33.9%

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : F; R11

Xn; R20/21/22 Xi; R36/38 R43 N; R51/53

Physical/chemical : Highly f

hazards

: Highly flammable.

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Human health hazards : Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes and

skin. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Environmental hazards : Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements**: Extremely flammable aerosol.

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

**Precautionary statements** 

General: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container

or label at hand.

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves and eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid

breathing vapour or spray. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do

not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

**Response** : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call

a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

Supplemental label

elements

Turpentine

Annex XVII - Restrictions

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

: Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Risk of spontaneous combustion. Spraydust, cloth and other contaminated organic material should be wetted and placed in a sealed metal container. Store in a fire-

proof place.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixture

			Classification		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Turpentine	EC: 232-350-7 CAS: 8006-64-2 Index: 650-002-00-6	≥50 - <72	R10 Xn; R20/21/22, R65 Xi; R36/38 R43 N; R51/53	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
Ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119457610-43 EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5 Index: 603-002-00-5	≥5 - <10	F; R11	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid	i measures
General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Get

immediate medical attention.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains turpentine, oil. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powders.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may

cause a health hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

: Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any

information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

: Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

: Store in accordance with: Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 (DSEAR)

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Turpentine	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).  STEL: 850 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 566 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1920 mg/m³ 8 hours.

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

- : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
- Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.

#### **Individual protection measures**

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Eye/face protection Skin protection

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

## Hand protection

: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

**Gloves** 

: Short Term Exposure less than 10 minutes Continuous use Nitrile gloves. Hazardous ingredients Section 3 For more than 4 hours of protection in the presence of Butanone Acetone or Methyl isobutyl ketone Butyl gloves 0.7mm For more than 4 hours of protection in the presence of Aromatic solvent use polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves.

Long Term Exposure Spill / For prolonged or repeated handling, use PE / PE Laminate gloves > 8 hours (breakthrough time) .

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

#### **Body protection**

- : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of hightemperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

: Approved/certified respirator with organic vapour cartridge. Filter type: A2P2 (EN14387).

Environmental exposure controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Physical state: Liquid.Colour: Amber.

Odour : Characteristic.

Odour threshold : Not Available (Not Tested).

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

pН : Testing not technically possible.

Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and

: Not Available (Not Tested). : Not Available (Not Tested).

boiling range

: Closed cup: -17.77777778°C Flash point Evaporation rate : Slower than Ether Phase : Not Available (Not Tested). Flammability (solid, gas) **Burning time** : Not Available (Not Tested). Burning rate : Not Available (Not Tested).

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not Available (Not Tested).

Vapour pressure : 101.3 kPa [at 20°C]

: Not Available (Not Tested). Vapour density Relative density : Not Available (Not Tested). Solubility(ies) : Not Available (Not Tested). Solubility in water : Not Available (Not Tested). Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not Available (Not Tested).

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not Available (Not Tested). Decomposition temperature : Not Available (Not Tested). **Viscosity** : Not Available (Not Tested). Explosive properties : Not Available (Not Tested).

Oxidising properties : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

9.2 Other information

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray Heat of combustion : 30.37 kJ/g

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

decomposition products should not be produced.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains turpentine, oil. May produce an allergic reaction.

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name Result		Species	Dose	Exposure
Turpentine	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19900 mg/m³	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	13700 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3956 mg/kg	-

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	600.5 mg/kg
Dermal	1321 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	16.45 mg/l

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Turpentine	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.1 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 microliters	-

### **Sensitisation**

No data available

### **Mutagenicity**

No data available

### **Carcinogenicity**

No data available

### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

#### **Teratogenicity**

No data available

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

	Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
N	o data available			

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
No data available			

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Turpentine	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Other information : Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
No data available						
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
No data available						

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Turpentine	-	1845	high

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

*Mobility* : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

and sewers.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecvclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

#### Hazardous waste

### European waste catalogue (EWC)

: waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

08 01 11\*

#### Disposal considerations

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### **Packaging**

#### Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

### Disposal considerations

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

### European waste catalogue (EWC) Contaminated packaging

: Recycling possible. Ensure packaging is completely empty before recycling. Dispose of uncured residues in the same way as the product itself. Plastic articles 15 01 02 - metallic packaging 15 01 04 - mixed packaging 15 01 06. 15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

#### Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
	ADR/RID	IMIDG	IAIA
14.1 UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
14.3 Transport	2	2.1	2.1
Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s)			<b>A</b>
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Tunnel code (D)	-	-

Do not carry by air without prior consent of the airline

## user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.
on the manufacture,
placing on the market
and use of certain
dangerous substances,
mixtures and articles

**Other EU regulations** 

Aerosol dispensers

3



Extremely flammable

Seveso II Directive : This product is controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]			
Classification			Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229			On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H302			Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4, H312			Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4, H332			Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315			Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319			Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317			Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411			Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H : H statements	H222, H229	Extreme heated.	ely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if
Full text of classifications : [CLP/GHS]	H225	Highly f	ammable liquid and vapour.
	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
	H302 (oral)	Harmfu	if swallowed.
	H304	May be	fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H312 (dermal)	Harmfu	in contact with skin.
	H315	Causes	skin irritation.
	<del>-</del>  317	May cau	use an allergic skin reaction.
	<del>-</del>  319	Causes	serious eye irritation.
	⊣332 (inhalation)	Harmfu	l if inhaled.
	H411 Acute Tox. 4, H30		aquatic life with long lasting effects. ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	Acute Tox. 4, H31	12	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	Aerosol 1, H222, H229		AEROSOLS - Category 1
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

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SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Skin Sens. 1, H317

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of abbreviated R

phrases

R11- Highly flammable.

R10- Flammable.

R20/21/22- Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications

[DSD/DPD]

: F - Highly flammable

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

N - Dangerous for the environment

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Date of issue/ Date of

revision

22, Apr, 2015.22, Apr, 2015.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

: If there is no previous validation date please contact your supplier for more

information.

Version : '

### **Notice to reader**

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.